Statistics snapshot

2021-22 Work health and safety statistics - Accommodation, café and restaurants

Key injury claims information

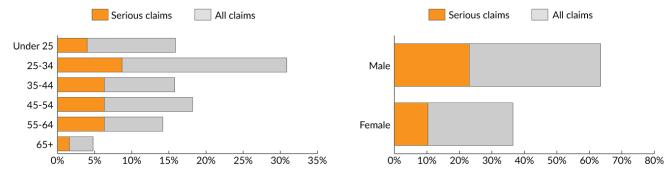






^{*} Claims where the worker needed at least one week of due to their injuries are considered serious injuries.

Injury claims by age and gender



Main occupations seriously injured









Main industry sub-groups by serious injury claims







Main mechanisms of serious injury







Break down by main mechanisms of serious injury

Body stressing

The main two injury groups resulting from body stressing were:



Traumatic joint/ligament and muscle/tendon injury

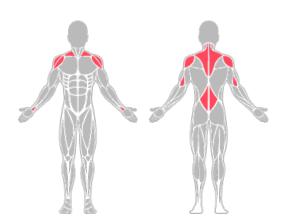


The two main incident types were:

- Muscular stress while lifting, carrying, or putting down objects (40.0%)
- Muscular stress while handling objects other than lifting, carrying or putting down (33.3%)

Main body areas injured were:

- Shoulder (20.0%)
- Wrist (13.3%)
- Lower back (13.3%)
- Elbow (13.3%)







Falls, trips and slips of a person

The main two injury groups resulting from falls, trips and slips of a person were:



54.5%
Traumatic joint/ligament and muscle/tendon injury

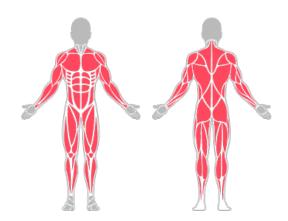


The two main incident types were:

- Falls on the same level (54.5%)
- Falls from a height (45.5%)

Main body areas injured were:

- Trunk and limbs (18.2%)
- Wrist (18.2%)



Hitting objects with a part of the body

The main three injury groups resulting from hitting objects with a part of the body were:



Wounds, lacerations, amputations and internal organ damage



Skin and subcutaneous tissue diseases



Traumatic joint/ligament and muscle/tendon injury

The main incident type was:

Hitting moving objects (75.0%)

The main body area injured was:

• Fingers (62.5%)

