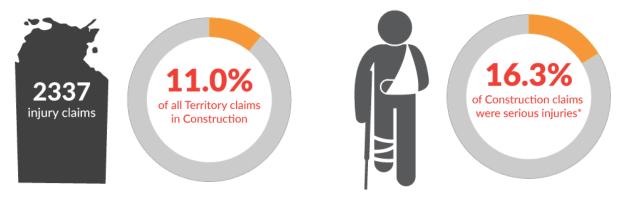
Statistics snapshot

2022-23 Work health and safety statistics - Construction

Key injury claims information

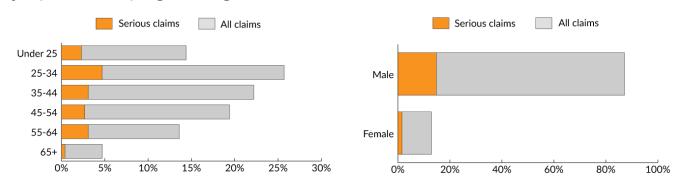






^{*} Claims where the worker needed at least one week of due to their injuries are considered serious injuries.

Injury claims by age and gender



Main occupations seriously injured



11.9% Plumbers



9.5%
Other Miscellaneous Labourers
and Related Workers



9.5%
Structural Steel and
Welding Tradespersons





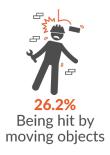
Main industry sub-groups by serious injury claims







Main mechanisms of serious injury







21.4%
Falls, trips and slips of a person

Break down by main mechanisms of serious injury

Being hit by moving objects

The main three injury groups resulting from being hit by moving objects were:



Wounds, lacerations, amputations and internal organ damage



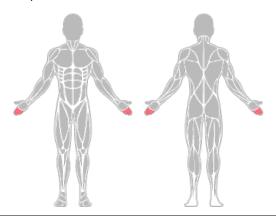


The three main incident types were:

- Being hit by falling object (45.5%)
- Being trapped between stationary and moving object (18.2%)
- Being hit by moving object (18.2%)

Main body area injured was:

• Fingers (45.5%)



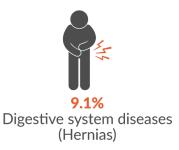




Body stressing

The two injury groups resulting from body stressing were:



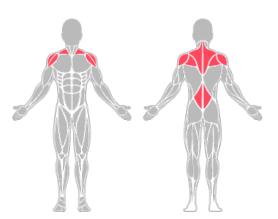


The two main incident types were:

- Muscular stress while lifting, carrying, or putting down objects (63.6%)
- Muscular stress while handling objects other than "lifting, carrying or putting down (27.3%)

The main body areas injured were:

- Lower back (36.4%)
- Shoulder (18.2%)



Falls, trips and slips of a person

The three main injury groups resulting from falls, trips and slips of a person were:



Traumatic joint/ligament and muscle/tendon injury



33.3% Fractures



Wounds, lacerations, amputations and internal organ damage

The three main incident types were:

- Falls from a height (44.4%)
- Falls on the same level (33.3%)
- Stepping, kneeling or sitting or objects (22.2)

The main body area injured was:

Forearm (22.2%)

