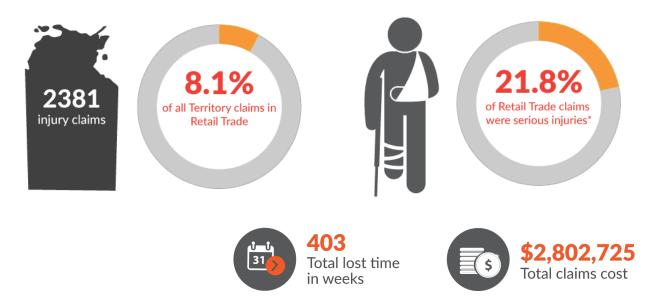
Statistics snapshot

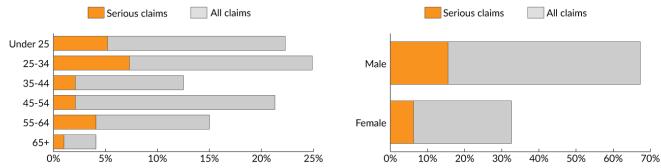
2021-22 Work health and safety statistics – Retail Trade

Key injury claims information

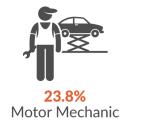


* Claims where the worker needed at least one week of due to their injuries are considered serious injuries.

Injury claims by age and gender



Main occupations seriously injured









Main industry sub-groups by serious injury claims



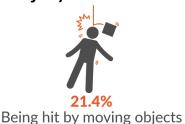
Supermarkets & **Grocery Stores**



16.7% Automotive Repair & Services NEC

Main mechanisms of serious injury



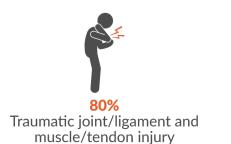




Break down by main mechanisms of serious injury

Body stressing

The main two injury groups resulting from body stressing were:



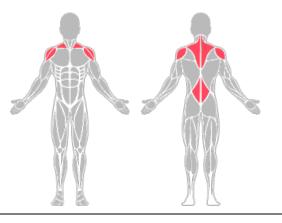
Musculoskeletal and connective tissue injury

The three main incident types were:

- Muscular stress while handling objects other than lifting, carrying or putting down (40%)
- Muscular stress while lifting, carrying or putting down (40%) •
- Muscular stress with no objects being handled (15.0%) •

Main body areas injured were:

- Lower back (35.0%)
- Shoulder (25.0%)



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Being hit by moving objects

The main two injury groups resulting from being hit by moving objects were:





Wounds, lacerations, amputations and internal organ damage

The four main incident types were:

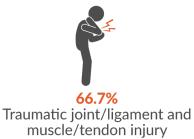
- Being hit by moving objects (33.3%)
- Being hit by falling objects (22.2%)
- Being trapped by moving machinery or equipment (22.2%)
- Being trapped between stationary and moving objects (22.2%)

Main body areas injured were:

- Fingers (44.4%)
- Foot (22.2%)

Falls, trips and slips of a person

The main two injury groups resulting from falls, trips and slips of a person were:



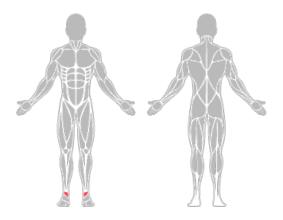
The two main incident types were:

- Falls on the same level (66.7%)
- Falls from a height (33.3%)

The main body area injured was:

• Ankle (33.3%)





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